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The Letters and Dispatches of John Churchill, First Duke of Marlborough from 1702 to 1712 John Churchill Duke of Marlborough 1845

A French Grammar Antonin Roche 2020-09-23 Reprint of the original, first published in 1869.

Mémoires et correspondance du roi Jérôme et de la reine Catherine Jerome Napoleon (king of Westphalia.) 1861

Le Verre D'eau Eugène Scribe 1890

Catalogue of the Collection of Autograph Letters and Historica Documents Formed ... Alfred Morrison 1893

Correspondance Inédite de Mme Campan Avec la Reine Hortense Jeanne Louise Henriette Campan 1835

Relations Politiques de la France Et de L'Espagne Avec L'Ecosse Au XVIIe Siècle Jean Baptiste Alexandre Théodore Teulet 1862

A Selection from the Letters of Madame de Sévigné and Her Contemporaries Marie de Rabutin-Chantal marquise de Sévigné 1868

The Letters and Dispatches of John Churchill, First Duke of Marlborough, from 1702-1712 John Churchill Duke of Marlborough 1845

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The Life of Sir Anthony Panizzi, K.C.B. Louis Fagan 2022-11-13 Anthony Panizzi (1797-1879), was a naturalised British librarian of Italian birth and an Italian patriot. He was the Principal Librarian of the British Museum from 1856 to 1866. Apart from being a personal friend of British Prime ministers Lord Palmerston and William Ewart Gladstone, Panizzi conducted an active correspondence with Sardinian, and later Italian Prime Minister Count Camillo Benso di Cavour. In 1844, he assisted Giuseppe Mazzini, then in exile in London, by publishing an influential article denouncing the practice ordered by the Home Secretary of ordering Mazzini's private letters opened by the Post Office and giving copies of their contents to the Austrian Embassy. He also orchestrated a visit of Giuseppe Garibaldi to England, and convinced Gladstone to travel to Naples to view personally the inhumane conditions in which political prisoners were kept. Panizzi was a strong advocate of free and equal access to learning. He was influential in enforcing the Copyright Act of 1842, which required British publishers to deposit with the library a copy of every book printed in Britain. For his extraordinary services as a librarian, in 1869 he was knighted by Queen Victoria. In addition to his English knighthood, Panizzi was given an honorary degree by Oxford University, the Légion d'Honneur from France, various chivalric honours from the Italian Government and Crown, and in 1868 was appointed as a senator in the Italian Parliament.

Correspondance de Napoléon Ier Napoleon I (Emperor of the French) 1865

Le Theatre 1903

Histoire Des Girondins Et Des Massacres de Septembre D'après Les Documents Officiels Et Inédits Bernard Adolphe Granier de Cassagnac 1860

The Letters and Dispatches of John Churchill of Marlborough from 1702 - 1712
Edited by George Murray John Churchill of Marlborough 1845

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Sir Robert Peel François Guizot 1856

Journals of the Legislative Council 1871

The Letters and Dispatches of John Churchill, First Duke of Marlborough, from 1702 to 1712 John Churchill Duke of Marlborough 1845

Nouvelle Collection Des Mémoires Pour Servir À L'histoire de France Joseph Fr. Michaud 1853

The Poetry of Saint Thérèse of Lisieux Saint Thérèse of Lisieux 1996 "Despite their importance, the poems of St. Therese of Lisieux are among the least known of her writings, previously available only in highly edited selections."
[from back cover]

Lettres ... à la Landgrave Louise de Hesse-Darmstadt. [Edited by Count de Reiset.] Queen Marie Antoinette (consort of Louis XVI, King of France) 1865

The life and correspondence of Sir Anthony Panizzi, K.C.B. (Vol. 1&2) Louis Fagan 2020-05-17 Anthony Panizzi (1797-1879), was a naturalised British

librarian of Italian birth and an Italian patriot. He was the Principal Librarian of the British Museum from 1856 to 1866. Apart from being a personal friend of British Prime ministers Lord Palmerston and William Ewart Gladstone, Panizzi conducted an active correspondence with Sardinian, and later Italian Prime Minister Count Camillo Benso di Cavour. In 1844, he assisted Giuseppe Mazzini, then in exile in London, by publishing an influential article denouncing the practice ordered by the Home Secretary of ordering Mazzini's private letters opened by the Post Office and giving copies of their contents to the Austrian Embassy. He also orchestrated a visit of Giuseppe Garibaldi to England, and convinced Gladstone to travel to Naples to view personally the inhumane conditions in which political prisoners were kept. Panizzi was a strong advocate of free and equal access to learning. He was influential in enforcing the Copyright Act of 1842, which required British publishers to deposit with the library a copy of every book printed in Britain. For his extraordinary services as a librarian, in 1869 he was knighted by Queen Victoria. In addition to his English knighthood, Panizzi was given an honorary degree by Oxford University, the Légion d'Honneur from France, various chivalric honours from the Italian Government and Crown, and in 1868 was appointed as a senator in the Italian Parliament.

The Letters and Dispatches, from 1702 to 1712 Ed. by General George Murray John Duke of Marlborough Churchill 1845

CORRESPONDANCE DES DIRECTEURS DE L' ACADEMIE DE FRANCE Accademia di Francia (Rome, Italy) 1899

Dance and Instrumental Diferencias in Spain During the 17th and Early 18th Centuries: The notes in Spanish and other languages from the sources Maurice Esses 1992 The Notes in Spanish provides the original text and quotations, already presented in English in Volume I, in their original Spanish.

Pinney and Arnoult's French Grammar Norman Pinney 1861

Pinney and Arnoult's French Grammar, a New Method, Combining Both the Oral and Theoretic Norman Pinney 1867

Mémoires Pour Servir À L'histoire Du Jacobinisme: pties. Conspiration des sophistes de l'impiété et de l'anarchie abbé Barruel 1798

Cecil Murray: Extracts from His Writings and Correspondence Cecil Henry Alexander Murray 1899

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MEMOIRES. ACADEMIE DES SCIENCES, INSCRIPTIONS ET BELLESLETTRES DE TOULOUSE. 1906

The Life and Legacy of Sir Anthony Panizzi, K.C.B. Louis Fagan 2020-12-17 Anthony Panizzi (1797-1879), was a naturalised British librarian of Italian birth and an Italian patriot. He was the Principal Librarian of the British Museum from 1856 to 1866. Apart from being a personal friend of British Prime ministers Lord Palmerston and William Ewart Gladstone, Panizzi conducted an active correspondence with Sardinian, and later Italian Prime Minister Count Camillo Benso di Cavour. In 1844, he assisted Giuseppe Mazzini, then in exile in London, by publishing an influential article denouncing the practice ordered

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French Classics ...: A selection from the letters of Madame de Sévigné and her contemporaries Gustave Masson 1868

Lettres, Instructions Diplomatiques Et Papiers D'État Du Cardinal de Richelieu: 1628-1630 Armand Jean du Plessis duc de Richelieu 1628

Revue de Gascogne 1875