

# Mao Tsetung Communism

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**Fundamentals of the Chinese Communist Party** Pierre M Perrolle 2017-09-08 This title was first published in 1976

*Miscellany of Mao Tse-Tung Thought (1949-1968)* Zedong Mao 1974

**Essential Works of Chinese Communism** Winberg Chai 1970

Mao Tse-tung and the Chinese Communist Movement, 1927-1935 William F. Dorrell 19??

*Mao Tse-tung, the Lacquered Image* Howard L. Boorman 1965

**Why Does Mao Tse-tung Want to Follow the Leftist Line of Adventure?** Asian Peoples' Anti-Communist League, Republic of China 1962

**Mao TSE Tung Four Essays on China world Communism** 1972

**Selected Works of Mao Tse-Tung** Mao Tse-Tung 2014-05-18 Selected Works of Mao Tse-Tung, Volume I focuses on the thoughts of Mao Tse-Tung on differences in social structure, communism, revolution,

economics, war tactics, and welfare of the masses. The book first discusses the analysis of the classes in Chinese society and the peasant movement in Hunan. The text then ponders on the reasons why red political power can exist in China. Topics include internal political situation; reasons for the emergence and survival of red political power; and the problem of military bases. The publication takes a look at the struggle in the Chingkang mountains, including the independent regime in the Hunan-Kiangsi border area and the August defeat and the situation in the area under the independent regime. The book also examines the characteristics of China's revolutionary war and strategic defensive tactics, including concentration of troops, mobile warfare, and strategic retreat. Mao Tse-Tung's call for a united effort to wage resistance against Japan is also underscored. The book is a prime reference for readers interested in the philosophy of Mao Tse-Tung.

**Mao Tse-Tung and the Communist Movement in China** Julian Frank Jaffe 1954

**The Communism of Mao Tse-tung** Arthur A. Cohen 1966

On Guerrilla Warfare Mao Tse-tung 2012-03-06 The first documented, systematic study of a truly revolutionary subject, this 1937 text remains the definitive guide to guerrilla warfare. It concisely explains unorthodox strategies that transform disadvantages into benefits.

*Policy Research Study: Chinese Communist Party Leadership and the Succession to Mao Tse-Tung: an Appraisal of Tensions* United States. Department of State. External Research Staff 1964

*Mao Zedong* Maurice Meisner 2006-12-22 Revolutionary and ruler, Marxist and nationalist, liberator and despot, Mao Zedong takes a place among the iconic leaders of the twentieth century. In this book, Maurice Meisner offers a balanced portrait of the man who defined modern China. From his role as leader of a communist revolution in a war-torn and largely rural country to the disasters of the Great Leap Forward and the Cultural Revolution, the relationship between Mao's ideas and his political action is highly disputed. With unparalleled authority, Meisner shows how Mao's unique sinification of Marxism provides the key to looking at this extraordinary political career. The first part of the book is devoted to Mao's

revolutionary leadership before 1949, in particular the influence of the liberal and anarchist ideas of the May Fourth era, his discovery of Marxism, Leninism and his conviction that peasants held the potential for revolution. In the second part, Meisner analyses Mao's early successes as a nationalist unifier and modernizer, the failure of his socialism and his eventual transformation into a tyrant.

### **The Wisdom of Mao Tse-Tung** Mao Tse-Tung 2002

*Mao Zedong and the Chinese Revolution* Gregor Benton 2008 Comprehensively indexed and with an introduction newly written by the editor, a leading expert in the field, *Mao Zedong and the Chinese Revolution* is sure to be recognized as a vital reference resource for all serious Mao scholars.

**Mao's Quotations** Mao Tse-Tung 2020-11-30 *Quotations from Chairman Mao Tse-tung* is a book of statements from speeches and writings by Mao Zedong (formerly romanized as Mao Tse-tung), the former Chairman of the Communist Party of China, published from 1964 to about 1976 and widely distributed during the Cultural Revolution. The most popular versions were printed in small sizes that could be easily carried and were bound in bright red covers, thus commonly becoming known internationally as the Little Red Book. This edition from Radical Reprints returns *Quotations* back to its original 4"x6" pocketbook size with all 427 quotations in English. The Black Panther Party considered *Quotations* to be a kind of Bible, it was essential reading. *Quotations* has a mythical quality to it, most cannot agree if it is the second-most printed book in history or if it barely cracked past a billion. Regardless, *Quotations* was so popular among Chinese workers because of its accessibility. This edition serves to make this book accessible again in its original pocketbook format.

### *Mao Tsetung's Immortal Contributions* Bob Avakian 1979

*Rethinking Mao* Nick Knight 2007 Offers a different perspective on Mao Zedong, the major architect of the Chinese Revolution and leader of the People's Republic of China until his death in 1976. Utilizing a number of documents written by Mao, here, the author 'rethinks' Mao by subjecting a number his controversial themes to fresh scrutiny.

**Mao Tse-tung's Cultural Revolution** Tai Sung An 1972

*Selected Works of Mao Tse-Tung* Mao Tse-Tung 1961

Selected Works of Mao Tse-Tung Mao Tse-Tung 2001-03-01 Mao Tse-tung founded the People's Republic of China in 1949. He had also been one of the founders of the Chinese Communist party in 1921, and he is regarded, along with Karl Marx and V. I. Lenin, as one of the three great theorists of Marxian communism. Mao Tse-tung was born on Dec. 26, 1893, into a well-to-do peasant family in Shaoshan, Hunan province. As a Marxist thinker and the leader of a socialist state, Mao gave theoretical legitimacy to the continuation of class struggle in the socialist and communist stages of development. He stressed the importance of land redistribution for the benefit of the rural peasantry, and his theories have strongly influenced the non-industrialized Third World.

Quotations from Chairman Mao Tse-Tung Mao Tse-Tung 2013-04-16 Many of the earliest books, particularly those dating back to the 1900s and before, are now extremely scarce and increasingly expensive. We are republishing these classic works in affordable, high quality, modern editions, using the original text and artwork.

*Mao Tse-tung Unrehearsed* Zedong Mao 1974

Mao Tse-tung Zedong Mao 1962

*Chinese Political Thought* Y.P. Chen 2013-03-09 As a member of the House Foreign Affairs Subcommittee on Asian and Pacific Affairs, I am necessarily concerned about the future role of Communist China in world affairs. A true understanding of Peking's foreign policy motives and objectives is possible only if one has a grasp of the ideological foundations and conflicts of the contemporary leaders of the Chinese Communist Party. Therein lies the value of Professor Yung Ping Chen's revised edition *Chinese Political Thought: Mao Tse-tung and Liu Shao-chi*. Within a compact number of pages, Professor Chen's book provides the reader with a clear and ready grasp of the fundamentals of Communist

Chinese ideology. Although its scholarship is evident, the work's interpretation do not overwhelm the reader with lengthy quotations or confuse him with excessive speculations-difficulties sometimes associated with books about China. Instead, Professor Chen appears to have the ability to reduce complicated ideas to manageable proportions. In his revised edition, the author makes use of source material which recently has become available outside China to clarify issues involved in the "Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution." That phenomenon, which has caused so much wonder and speculation in the West, is analyzed by Professor Chen. He describes for the reader the underlying ideological factors which have emerged from the great turmoil in China, placing them within a framework of verified historical events while avoiding the pitfall of endless theorizing about situations and events inside China about which too little is yet known.

#### **Mao Tse-tung on the Chinese Revolution Po-ta Chen 1953**

Quotations from Chairman Mao Tsetung Mao Tse-Tung 2007-07-01 The 'little red book' used as the Bible of the Red Guards in Maoist Cultural Revolution 1966-76. Mao predicted in November 1956 "in the year 2001, or the beginning of the 21st century, China will have undergone an even greater change." Introduction by Frederick Ellis MBA. A Collector's Edition.

#### The Political Thought of Mao Tse-tung Tse-tung Mao 1963

*The Communist Manifesto and Other Revolutionary Writings* Bob Blaisdell 2003-01-15 A compilation of writings by some of the best-known revolutionaries in history, including Marx, Mao, and Rousseau.

#### **Mao Tse-tung's Communist Ideology on Revolution and War Vincent Chen 1957**

Selected Works of Mao Tse-Tung Mao Tse-Tung 2014-05-18 Selected Works of Mao Tse-Tung, Volume V focuses on the positions of Mao Tse-Tung on communism, revolution, national unity, and patriotism. The volume first offers information on the socialist revolution and construction, taking into consideration the unity of Chinese people and acknowledgement of the bravery of comrades who gave up their lives in

the people's war of liberation. The book also takes a look at the call for Chinese People's Volunteers to support the Korean people's war of liberation. The book focuses on the points of the resolution adopted at the meeting of the political bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, including propaganda and education campaign for resisting U.S. aggression and aiding Korea, party consolidation and building, urban work, and rectification movement. The text also elaborates on the victory of China in the war against the United States; support of China for the Korean people's war of liberation; and the draft constitution of the People's Republic of China. The volume is a reliable source of information for readers interested in the views of Mao Tse-Tung on communism, revolution, civil war, and patriotism.

**The Thought of Mao Tse-tung** United States. Department of State. External Research Division 1962

**Chinese Communist Party Leadership and the Succession to Mao Tse-tung** John Wilson Lewis 1964

**Quotations from Chairman Mao Tse-tung** Zedong Mao 1967 Reveals the man and the aims of the Cultural Revolution.

**Quotations from Chairman Mao Tsetung** Zedong Mao 1990

*The Communism of Mao Tse-Trung* Arthur A. Cohen 1964

**Chinese Communism and the Rise of Mao** Benjamin Isadore Schwartz 1951

**China After Mao** A. Doak Barnett 2015-12-08 One of America's leading authorities on China outlines and assesses the implications of the inevitable passing of Mao Tse-tung and the older generation of revolutionary leaders from their position of command in China. Describing the mid-1960's as "a transitional period of great historic significance," the author outlines the basic unsolved problems and unresolved issues that face Peking's leaders, speculates on future changes in Chinese Communist leadership and policies. Part II of the book presents documents pertinent to the developing crisis in China, including "Khrushchev's Phoney Communism," Lin Piao's "Long Live the Victory of the People's War," and "Great

Cultural Revolution.” China After Mao is based on the Walter E. Edge lectures given at Princeton University in October 1966. Originally published in 1967. The Princeton Legacy Library uses the latest print-on-demand technology to again make available previously out-of-print books from the distinguished backlist of Princeton University Press. These editions preserve the original texts of these important books while presenting them in durable paperback and hardcover editions. The goal of the Princeton Legacy Library is to vastly increase access to the rich scholarly heritage found in the thousands of books published by Princeton University Press since its founding in 1905.

Quotations from Chairman Mao Tse-tung: "The Little Red Book" Mao Tse-tung 2019-02-27 These quotations from the writings and speeches of Mao Tse-tung, the father of Chinese communism, offer a rare and penetrating insight into the political and philosophic thought of one of the most hated and revered men to ever have lived. This is a classic text in the politics of revolutionary socialism and propaganda. Note: Publication of this document does NOT constitute an endorsement by the publisher of all of its contents.

Mao Tse-tung and the Chinese Communist Revolution Elizabeth Mauchline Roberts 1970