

# Panzerschlachten

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**Obedient Unto Death** Werner Kindler 2014-03-06 Between 1941 and 1944 Waffen-SS Oberscharfhrer (Sergeant) Werner Kindler took part in 84 days of close combat, qualifying him for the Close Combat Clasp in Gold, the Third Reich's highest decoration for a frontline soldier. He was also awarded the German Cross in Gold, the Iron Cross First and Second Class and the Wound Badge in Gold. Drafted into the SS-Totenkopf in 1939, he served with a motorised unit in Poland, and in May 1941 was selected for the Leibstandarte-SS Adolf Hitler, with which he fought in the invasion of the Soviet Union. His unit converted to a Panzer Grenadier formation in 1942, and Kindler went on to fight at Kharkov and Kursk on the Eastern Front, and later in Belgium and France in 1944. At the end of the war, he was the last man of the Leibstandarte-SS to surrender to the Americans. This is one of the most dramatic first-hand accounts to come out of the Second World War.

**Historical Perspectives of the Operational Art** Michael Detlef Krause 2005

Die gestohlenen Jahre Hans Joachim Schröder 1992-01-01 In einem ersten, theoretischen Teil enthält diese Studie eine ausführliche Auseinandersetzung mit aktuellen Forschungsentwicklungen auf den Gebieten der Biographischen Forschung, Alltagsgeschichte (Oral History) und Interviewforschung. Insbesondere wird die Bedeutung des Interviews als einer literarischen Gattung eingehend erörtert. In einem zweiten Teil finden die Erkenntnisse aus der theoretischen Grundlegung Anwendung bei der Dokumentation, Kommentierung und Analyse von etwa 260 Interviewzeugnissen zum Erlebnis des Zweiten Weltkriegs. Das Erzählmaterial schließt sich ansatzweise zusammen zu einer einzigartigen Form der Geschichtsdarstellung, in der Aufbau und Inhalt primär festgelegt sind durch die Perspektive subjektiver Kriegserfahrung.

**Geschichte und Erinnerung in Computerspielen** Nico Nolden 2019-12-16 Jährlich erscheint eine Vielzahl von digitalen Spielen, die historische Inszenierungen verwenden - in diversen spielmechanischen Formen, mit einem breiten inhaltlichen Spektrum und aus fast allen Epochen. Bislang überblickt sie die

Geschichtswissenschaft nicht strukturiert, formuliert keine Erkenntnisinteressen und erschließt sie nicht systematisch. Wieso solche Inszenierungen historisch und gesellschaftlich relevant sind, erläutert das Buch einfürend. Sein Hauptteil ordnet den Stand der Forschung statistisch, methodisch und disziplinär sowie entlang von Spielformen und Epochen. An vielen Beispielen identifiziert er die Lücken des Diskurses, kondensiert Erkenntnisinteressen und bezieht andere Geistes- und Sozialwissenschaften ein. Weitgehend unbeachtet sind bislang Online-Rollenspiele, obwohl der empirischer Teil am Beispiel *The Secret World* ihre Qualität als Erinnerungskulturelles Wissenssystem aufzeigt. Wie dieses Medium Historisches inszeniert, ist gesellschaftlich bedeutend, aber auch in wirtschaftlicher Hinsicht. Das Buch erschließt daher ein Arbeitsfeld für Studierende, Lehrende und Forschende in Geschichts- und anderen Geisteswissenschaften, eröffnet aber auch neue Denkansätze für die praktische Anwendung im Game Design.

Tigers in Combat Wolfgang Schneider 2004-12-07 Scores of unique photos of Tiger tanks. Intricate and richly colored drawings, with special focus on markings and insignia. Accompanying text lists units' combat strengths, equipment, commanders, and engagements.

*Widener Library Shelflist: General European and world history* Harvard University. Library 1970

**Panzerschlachten** Friedrich Wilhelm Mellenthin 1963

Geschichte des Zweiten Weltkriegs Hellmuth Günther Dahms 1965

**Die Operation Zitadelle** Alfred Zins 1986 Es ist erstaunlich, dass die neben Stalingrad wohl bedeutendste Entscheidungsschlacht des Zweiten Weltkriegs, die grosse Panzerschlacht im Kursker Bogen vom Sommer 1943, der Öffentlichkeit in der Bundesrepublik kaum bekannt ist. Zins stellt die Schlacht ausführlich dar, und er untersucht die verschiedenen Bereiche der Publizistik, der Massenmedien und der audio-visuellen Kommunikatoren, in denen sich «öffentliches Bewusstsein» im Hinblick auf diese Operation Zitadelle dokumentiert. Wenn auch der Bereich der klassischen, d.h. schulischen Geschichtsdidaktik nicht ausgeblendet wird, so werden doch in erster Linie, bezogen auf die jeweiligen medialen Träger, spezifische Probleme der Narration beleuchtet. Somit wird ein erster Schritt zur Untersuchung der ausserschulischen Darstellung von Militärhistorie gewagt.

**The Library Catalogs of the Hoover Institution on War, Revolution, and Peace, Stanford University** Hoover Institution on War, Revolution, and Peace 1969

**The Combat History of the 23rd Panzer Division in World War II** Ernst Rebentisch 2012-03-21 Complete history of a German tank division that fought exclusively on the Eastern Front.

Russia's War Richard Overy 1998-08-01 "A penetrating and compassionate book on the most gigantic military struggle in world history."--The New York Times Book Review "An extraordinary tale... Overy's engrossing book provides extensive details of teh slaughter, brutality, bitterness and destruction on the massive front from

the White Sea to the flank of Asia."--Chicago Tribune The Russian war effort to defeat invading Axis powers, an effort that assembled the largest military force in recorded history and that cost the lives of more than 25 million Soviet soldiers and civilians, was the decisive factor for securing an Allied victory. Now with access to the wealth of film archives and interview material from Russia used to produce the ten-hour television documentary *Russia's War*, Richard Overy tackles the many persuasive questions surrounding this conflict. Was Stalin a military genius? Was the defense of Mother Russia a product of something greater than numbers of tanks and planes--of something deep within the Russian soul?

Field Marshal Von Manstein Marcel Stein 2007-02 Most military historians are in agreement that Feldmarschall Erich von Manstein was the most outstanding German high commander of the Second World War. Many view him as the foremost exponent of large-scale mobile operations in any of the Second World War armies. Surprisingly, no biography of him has yet been written. To this day, his family refuses to release the papers of his estate to the German military archives at Freiburg. Furthermore the contradictions in the personality of von Manstein make it difficult to generate a synthesis. On one side there is an extraordinary military talent, on the other many political and moral aspects. His military achievements stand in sharp contrast to his inhumane policy of occupation in Russia, his active participation in the slaughter of Jews in Southern Ukraine and the Crimea and his ambivalent attitude to the military resistance movement. These contradictions have led the author to describe Manstein as the Janushead - the term chosen for the title of the book. He has not written a traditional biography but a portrait. A complete account of all phases of Mansteins career is given in one chapter, seven more chapters deal extensively with milestones in Mansteins career: his successful plan for the battle of France which led to the defeat of the French Army in less than one month, his dereliction of duty during the battle for Stalingrad, his hubris which led to the disaster of the battle for Kursk, his refusal to take part in the military resistance movement, his compliance with the Commissar order and his involvement in the Holocaust. The author has widened the subject well beyond the personality of its central figure. It shows how the Nazi system, step by step, succeeded in perverting the centuries-old traditions of the Prussian and German officer corps.

*Die Panzerschlachten in der Pußta im Oktober 1944* Hans Kissel 1960

Panzerschlachten Friedrich Wilhelm von Mellenthin 1963

**Supernova** Cixin Liu 2021-12-13 Der letzte Tag der Menschheit ist angebrochen. Eine gewaltige Strahlenwolke, ausgelöst durch eine Sternexplosion acht Jahre zuvor, wird schon bald alle Menschen über dreizehn Jahren töten. Seit acht Jahren läuft der Countdown, und seitdem werden die Kinder und Jugendlichen der Welt auf eine Zukunft allein vorbereitet. Einige von ihnen jedoch wollen gar nicht so weitermachen wie zuvor. Sie träumen von einer neuen, einer besseren Zukunft für sich und ihren Planeten. Dies ist ihre Geschichte ...

*Mein Langer Weg Zur Demokratie* Karl-Heinz Gandre 2013-05 Karl-Heinz Gandre ist ein Zeitzeuge. Er wird zwischen den beiden Weltkriegen geboren und wächst in Schneidemühl in Westpreussen direkt an der

Grenze zu Polen auf. Unter der Nazidiktatur verliert er diese erste Heimat. Gandre, ein glühender Verfechter der Demokratie, macht als Erster in seiner Familie das Abitur, will Jura studieren. Doch der Zweite Weltkrieg und schliesslich das Leben in der ehemaligen DDR verändern gezwungenermassen seinen Lebensplan. Karl-Heinz Gandre arbeitet bei der Bahn, engagiert sich politisch in der National-Demokratischen Partei Deutschlands und entzieht sich immer wieder konsequent, wenn er wieder einmal zur Bespitzelung anderer herangezogen werden soll. 1989 öffnen sich endlich die deutsch-deutschen Grenzen - ein neuer Lebensabschnitt beginnt für den engagierten Eisenbahner. Karl-Heinz Gandre betätigt sich nun mit Leib und Seele in der CDU. Mit grosser Offenheit und Leidenschaft erzählt der Autor von seiner bewegten und erfüllten Lebensreise. Er lässt den Leser teilhaben an den Höhen und Tiefen, auf die er einen sehr persönlichen Blick gewährt. Und immer ist sein Weg geprägt von dem brennenden Wunsch nach Demokra

**At the Heart of the Reich** Gerhard Engel 2016-10-18 A revealing account of Hitler's thoughts and actions throughout World War II from one of his closest aides. Major Gerhard Engel was Hitler's army adjutant from 1938 to 1943. During his years with Hitler, Engel kept a diary. After the war, he added material to shed further light on certain events, military and political decisions, and Hitler's attitude to particular problems. His diary covers the decision-making process behind crucial military actions, including the annexation of Austria, the invasion of Czechoslovakia, and the war against Russia. He also addresses intrigue within Hitler's inner circle and his casual conversations with other key Nazi figures. *At the Heart of the Reich* sheds important light on the Führer's core beliefs. It includes the statement made by Hitler in 1941, "I am now as before a Catholic." It also details his views on German Jews and dwells on the extent to which they served in the Wehrmacht. Engel also addresses the deportation of Jews from Salonika and Hitler's order to Himmler to select a destination, the details of which Hitler was apparently unconcerned with. The final part of the diary is mostly devoted to the war against Russia. Engel's reports confirm that the master plan was to take Leningrad and Rostov, then close pincers behind Moscow. The plan was frustrated by senior army commanders' lack of enthusiasm and Hitler's failure to exert firm leadership. Engel depicts Hitler as a vacillating, contrary man. It is not unlikely that this encouraged his generals to impose themselves and argue their plan to rush Moscow, which ultimately contributed to the defeat of the Third Reich. Skyhorse Publishing, along with our Arcade, Good Books, Sports Publishing, and Yucca imprints, is proud to publish a broad range of biographies, autobiographies, and memoirs. Our list includes biographies on well-known historical figures like Benjamin Franklin, Nelson Mandela, and Alexander Graham Bell, as well as villains from history, such as Heinrich Himmler, John Wayne Gacy, and O. J. Simpson. We have also published survivor stories of World War II, memoirs about overcoming adversity, first-hand tales of adventure, and much more. While not every title we publish becomes a New York Times bestseller or a national bestseller, we are committed to books on subjects that are sometimes overlooked and to authors whose work might not otherwise find a home.

*Panzer Aces III* Franz Kurowski 2010 Chronicles the exploits and battlefield achievements of decorated German tank commanders who led their feared Panzer tank battalions in battle.

Historical Perspectives of the Operational Art Michael D. Krause 2006-05 NOTE: NO FURTHER DISCOUNT FOR THIS PRINT PRODUCT--OVERSTOCK SALE -- Significantly reduced list price while supplies last

Historical Perspectives of the Operational Art, a companion volume to Clayton R. Newell's and Michael D. Krause's On Operational Art, captures the doctrinal debate over the evolving concept of operational art-the critical link between strategy and tactics-in the face of the new complexities of warfare and the demands of irregular operations in the twenty-first century. Consisting of fifteen original essays selected and edited by Michael D. Krause in collaboration with R. Cody Phillips, the well-organized anthology presents the collective view of distinguished military historians and scholars that operational art must be adjusted to accommodate the changing circumstances happening around the world, especially when dealing with broad coalitions and alliances in regional environments and at an international level. Related products: The Rise of iWar: Identity, Information, and the Individualization of Modern Warfare can be found here:

<https://bookstore.gpo.gov/products/sku/008-000-01198-2> Yemen: A Different Political Paradigm in Context can be found here: <https://bookstore.gpo.gov/products/sku/008-070-00865-3> A Masterpiece of Counter guerrilla Warfare: BG J. Franklin Bell in the Philippines 1901-1902 is available here:

<https://bookstore.gpo.gov/products/sku/008-000-01000-5> Operational Culture for the Warfighter: Principles and Applications is available here: <https://bookstore.gpo.gov/products/sku/008-000-01061-7>

*Die großen Panzerschlachten* 2020-04-29

**Das Primat der Politik in kaiserlicher Armee, Reichswehr, Wehrmacht und Bundeswehr** Andreas Dietz 2011  
English summary: In accordance with the primacy of politics, the armed forces are subordinate to the civil government and legitimated by parliament on the basis of a national security concept. Deficiencies in these safeguards can cause fatal involvements in wars such as the German Empire's in World War One, the Third Reich's in World War Two and even the out-of-area operations of the German armed forces. With a summary in English. German description: Nach Clausewitz ist das Militär nur ein Mittel der Politik. Die Stellung der Streitkräfte im Staat folgt daher dem Primat der Politik, in dem die zivile Führung die Entscheidungsgewalt über Krieg und Frieden hat. Dies zu sichern, ist Aufgabe einer Verfassung mittels Subordination des Militärs unter die zivile Exekutive, beider Legitimation durch das Parlament und seiner Integration in die Wertegemeinschaft. Defizite des Primats haben fatale Folgen, wie die Kriege Deutschlands bis heute zeigen. Andreas Dietz entwickelt die rechtlichen Vorgaben des Primats und misst an ihnen die Verfassungslage im Kaiserreich, in der Weimarer Republik, im drittem Reich, in der Bundesrepublik und in der DDR. An den Auslandseinsätzen der Bundeswehr zeigt er aktuelle Defizite des Primats auf und fordert u. a. eine nationale Sicherheitsstrategie als Grundlage der Bundeswehrreform und künftiger Einsatzentscheidungen.

**Tank Warfare on the Eastern Front 1941-1942** Robert Forczyk 2014-02-24 The German panzer armies that swept into the Soviet Union in 1941 were an undefeated force that had honed their skill in combined arms warfare to a fine edge. The Germans focused their panzers and tactical air support at points on the battlefield defined as Schwerpunkt - main effort - to smash through any defensive line and then advance to envelope their adversaries. Initially, these methods worked well in the early days of Operation Barbarossa and the tank forces of the Red Army suffered defeat after defeat. Although badly mauled in the opening battles, the Red Army's tank forces did not succumb to the German armoured onslaught and German planning and logistical deficiencies led to over-extension and failure in 1941. In the second year of the invasion, the Germans

directed their Schwerpunkt toward the Volga and the Caucasus and again achieved some degree of success, but the Red Army had grown much stronger and by November 1942, the Soviets were able to turn the tables at Stalingrad. ??Robert Forczyk's incisive study offers fresh insight into how the two most powerful mechanized armies of the Second World War developed their tactics and weaponry during the critical early years of the Russo-German War. He uses German, Russian and English sources to provide the first comprehensive overview and analysis of armored warfare from the German and Soviet perspectives. His analysis of the greatest tank war in history is compelling reading.

*Hitler's Last Levy* Hans Kissel 2005-06-19 A companion volume to our very successful *In a Raging Inferno—Combat Units of the Hitler Youth*, Hans Kissel's study offers a highly-detailed account of the German Volkssturm, or Home Guard. Formed from men unfit for military service, the young, and the old, this ad-hoc formation saw extensive combat during the desperate defense of the Reich, 1944-45. The author describes the Volkssturms training, leadership, organization, armament and equipment, in addition to its active service on both the Eastern and Western fronts. The text is supported by an extensive selection of appendices, including translations of documents and many fascinating eyewitness combat reports. This edition also includes over 150 previously unpublished b/w photos, and 4 pages of specially-commissioned color uniform plates by Stephen Andrew.

Hitler's War in the East, 1941-1945 Rolf-Dieter Müller 2002 Provides a guide to the extensive literature on the war in the East, including largely unknown Soviet writing on the subject. Sections on policy and strategy, the military campaign, the ideologically motivated war of annihilation in the East, the occupation, and coming to terms with the results of the war offer a wealth of bibliographic citations, and include introductions detailing history of the period and related issues. For military historians, and for scholars who approach this period in history from a socio-economic or cultural perspective. No index. Annotation copyrighted by Book News, Inc., Portland, OR

*Why the Allies Won* Richard Overy 1997 Explains how the Allies regained military superiority after 1942, and discusses important campaigns, naval battles, industrial strength, fighting ability, leadership, and moral issues

Panzertaktik von 1939 bis 1941 im Spiegel deutscher Kriegstagebücher Rudolf Steiger 1973

**Panzerschlachten** Christer Jörgensen 2001

**Mein Hardcover-Buch** H. P. Lang 2015-03-14 H. P. Lang's Roman handelt von einem fiktiven Deutschland des Jahres 1953. Hitlerdeutschland hat den zweiten Weltkrieg im Mai 1945 siegreich beendet und errichtet weltweit das Germania-Imperium. Auf spannende und kritische Weise betrachtet der Autor das Leben der Menschen unter deutscher Weltherrschaft.

Der Pimpf 1941

Slaughter at Halbe Tony Le Tissier 2007-03-22 Operation 'Berlin', the Soviet offensive launched on 16 April 1945 by Marshals Zhukov and Koniev, isolated the German 9th Army and tens of thousands of refugees in the Spreewald 'pocket', south-east of Berlin. Stalin ordered its encirclement and destruction, and his subordinates, eager to win the race to the Reichstag, pushed General Busse's 9th Army into a tiny area east of the village of Halbe. To escape the Spreewald pocket, the remnants of 9th Army had to pass through Halbe, where barricades constructed by both sides formed formidable obstacles and the converging Soviet forces subjected the area to heavy artillery fire. By the time 9th Army eventually escaped the Soviet pincers, it had suffered 40,000 killed and 60,000 taken prisoner. In *Slaughter at Halbe*, teenaged refugees recount their experiences alongside Wehrmacht and Waffen-SS veterans attempting to maintain military discipline amid the chaos and carnage of headlong retreat. Relating the story day by day, Tony Le Tissier shows the impact of total war upon soldier and civilian alike.

**Du machst mich stark** Gordon MacDonald 2015-01-05 Diese folgenden Fragen stellen sich Christen immer wieder: Wie kann ein erfülltes Leben in Gott aussehen, wie kann man Glaubensstürmen begegnen und Anfechtungen überwinden? Antworten darauf kann Bestsellerautor Gordon MacDonald geben, denn er schöpft aus einem erfahrungsreichen Leben. Geistliche Prinzipien, biblische Verheißungen und sehr persönliche Beispiele ermutigen, die Vergangenheit loszulassen und sich den Herausforderungen im Hier und Jetzt zu stellen. Ein sehr bewegendes, lebensnahes und mitreißendes Buch, das bei jedem Einzelnen tiefgreifende Veränderungen des Glaubens bewirken kann.

**Panzergranadier Aces** Franz Kurowski 2010-07-16 Exciting stories of the infantrymen who supported Germany's tanks. How tanks and infantry cooperated at the small-unit level. First time in English.

**Strange Victory** Ernest R. May 2015-07-28 A dramatic narrative-and reinterpretation-of Germany's six-week campaign that swept the Wehrmacht to Paris in spring 1940. Before the Nazis killed him for his work in the French Resistance, the great historian Marc Bloch wrote a famous short book, *Strange Defeat*, about the treatment of his nation at the hands of an enemy the French had believed they could easily dispose of. In *Strange Victory*, the distinguished American historian Ernest R. May asks the opposite question: How was it that Hitler and his generals managed this swift conquest, considering that France and its allies were superior in every measurable dimension and considering the Germans' own skepticism about their chances? *Strange Victory* is a riveting narrative of those six crucial weeks in the spring of 1940, weaving together the decisions made by the high commands with the welter of confused responses from exhausted and ill-informed, or ill-advised, officers in the field. Why did Hitler want to turn against France at just this moment, and why were his poor judgment and inadequate intelligence about the Allies nonetheless correct? Why didn't France take the offensive when it might have led to victory? What explains France's failure to detect and respond to Germany's attack plan? It is May's contention that in the future, nations might suffer strange defeats of their own if they do not learn from their predecessors' mistakes in judgment.

[Iii the Role of Historical Scholarship in Changing the Relations Among Religions](#)

*The Blitzkrieg Legend* Karl-Heinz Frieser 2013-04-11 Here, for the first time in English, is an illuminating new German perspective on the decisive Blitzkrieg campaign of 1940. Karl-Heinz Frieser's account provides the definitive explanation for Germany's startling success and the equally surprising and rapid military collapse of France and Britain on the European continent. In a little over a month, Germany decisively defeated the Allies in battle, a task that had not been achieved in four years of brutal fighting during World War I. First published in 1995 as the official German history of the 1940 campaign in the west, the book goes beyond standard explanations to show that German victory was not inevitable and French defeat was not preordained. Contrary to the usual accounts of the campaign, Frieser illustrates that the military systems of both Germany and France were solid and that their campaign planning was sound. The key to victory or defeat, he argues, was the execution of operational plans—both preplanned and ad hoc—amid the eternal Clausewitzian combat factors of friction and the fog of war. Frieser shows why on the eve of the campaign the British and French leaders had good cause to be confident and why many German generals were understandably concerned that disaster was looming for them. This study explodes many of the myths concerning German Blitzkrieg warfare and the planning for the 1940 campaign. A groundbreaking new interpretation of a topic that has long interested students of military history, it is being published in cooperation with the Association of the U.S. Army

*Panzertaktik im Spiegel deutscher Kriegstagebücher 1939 bis 1941* Rudolf Steiger 1973

*Walther Model* Robert Forczyk 2013-02-20 This volume details the military career and accomplishments of Walther Model, the youngest Generalfeldmarschall in the Wehrmacht in World War II and Hitler's favourite commander. Model was a tough and tenacious commander, particularly when on the defensive, and his career rise was virtually unprecedented in German military history. Model really made his mark late in the war, when time was already running out for the Third Reich, but time and again he was rushed from one crumbling front to the next and succeeded in temporarily restoring the situation. Above all, Model deserves recognition as one of the great defensive commanders of modern military history.

**Die Transformation der Streitkräfte im 21. Jahrhundert** Jan Helmig 2008

**The German Defeat in the East, 1944–45** Samuel W. Mitcham 2007 The last place a German soldier wanted to be in 1944 was the eastern front. That summer, Stalin hurled millions of men and thousands of tanks and planes against German forces across a broad front. In a series of massive, devastating battles, the Red Army decimated Hitler's Army Group Center in Belorussia, annihilated Army Group South in the Ukraine, and inflicted crushing casualties while taking Rumania and Hungary. By the time Budapest fell to the Soviets in February 1945, the German Army had been slaughtered--and the Third Reich was in its death throes.