

Snp The History Of The Scottish National Party Hi

Right here, we have countless book **snp the history of the scottish national party hi** and collections to check out. We additionally provide variant types and moreover type of the books to browse. The suitable book, fiction, history, novel, scientific research, as skillfully as various other sorts of books are readily available here.

As this snp the history of the scottish national party hi, it ends stirring instinctive one of the favored books snp the history of the scottish national party hi collections that we have. This is why you remain in the best website to look the unbelievable books to have.

The Scottish National Party James Mitchell 2012 Based on an unprecedented survey of the entire membership and over 80 elite interviews The Scottish National Party is the definitive account of the nature of the SNP following its election as a party of government for the first time in its eighty year history.

Standing Up for Scotland Torrance David Torrance 2020-05-01 David Torrance reassesses the relationship between 'nationalism' and 'unionism' in Scottish politics, challenging a binary reading of the two ideologies with the concept of 'nationalist unionism'. Scottish nationalism did not begin with the SNP in 1934, nor was it confined to political parties that desired independent statehood. Rather, it was more dispersed, with the Liberal, Conservative and Labour parties all attempting to harness Scottish national identity and nationalism between 1884 and 2014, often with the paradoxical goal of strengthening rather than ending the Union. The book combines nationalist theory with empirical historical and archival research to argue that these conceptions of Scottish nationhood had much more in common with each other than is commonly accepted.

Independent and Free Richard J. Finlay 1994

Electoral Shocks Edward Fieldhouse 2020 This is an open access title available under the terms of a CC BY-NC-ND 4.0 International licence. It is free to read at Oxford Scholarship Online and offered as a free PDF download from OUP and selected open access locations. Electoral Shocks: The Volatile Voter in a Turbulent World offers a novel perspective on British elections, focusing on the role of electoral shocks in the context of increasing electoral volatility. It demonstrates and explains the long-term trend in volatility, how shocks have contributed to the level of electoral volatility, and also which parties have benefited from the ensuing volatility. It follows in the tradition of British Election Study books, providing a comprehensive account of specific election outcomes- the General Elections of 2015 and 2017- and a more general and novel approach to understanding electoral change. The authors examine five electoral shocks that affected the elections of 2015 and 2017: the rise in immigration after 2004, particularly from Eastern Europe; the Global Financial Crisis prior to 2010; the coalition government of the Conservatives and the Liberal Democrats between 2010 and 2015; the Scottish Independence Referendum in 2014; and the European Union

Referendum in 2016. The focus on electoral shocks offers an overarching explanation for the volatility in British elections, alongside the long-term trends that have led to this point. It offers a way to understand the rise and fall of the UK Independence Party (UKIP), Labour's disappointing 2015 performance and its later unexpected gains, the collapse in support for the Liberal Democrats, the dramatic gains of the Scottish National Party (SNP) in 2015, and the continuing period of tumultuous politics that has followed the EU referendum and the General Election of 2017. It provides a new way of understanding electoral choice in Britain, and also beyond, and a better understanding of the outcomes of recent elections.

SNP Peter Lynch 2002

Scottish National Party 46 Success Secrets - 46 Most Asked Questions on Scottish National Party - What You Need to Know Joshua Pittman 2014-11-04 Take Scottish National Party to the next level. There has never been a Scottish National Party Guide like this. It contains 46 answers, much more than you can imagine; comprehensive answers and extensive details and references, with insights that have never before been offered in print. Get the information you need--fast! This all-embracing guide offers a thorough view of key knowledge and detailed insight. This Guide introduces what you want to know about Scottish National Party. A quick look inside of some of the subjects covered: Scottish National Party - Leaders of the parliamentary party, House of Commons, Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009 - Role in the formation of the first Scottish National Party government, Scottish National Party - History, History of the Scottish National Party - The Scottish Parliament, United Kingdom general election, February 1974 - Scottish National Party, History of the Scottish National Party - Party of Government, Scottish National Party - Presidents of the Scottish National Party, Scottish National Party - Party ideology, Scottish National Party - Councillors, Scottish National Party - Leaders of the parliamentary party, Scottish Parliament, Scottish general election, 2011 - Scottish National Party, Scottish Parliament election, 2007 - Scottish National Party, Scottish National Party - Accusations of cash for policies, History of the Scottish National Party - United Kingdom general election, 1979, History of the Scottish National Party - The 1960s, History of the Scottish National Party - Swinney's loss of control, Constituency results of the United Kingdom general election, 2005 - Scottish National Party (SNP) gains, Scottish National Party - Policy platform, Scottish Parliament general election, 2011 - Scottish National Party, History of the Scottish National Party - UK Government interference, and much more...

SNP Peter Lynch 2013

The Scottish National Party Annemarie Kunz 2014-04-02 Seminar paper from the year 2012 in the subject Politics - Political Systems - General and Comparisons, grade: 1,0, Charles University in Prague, language: English, abstract: "Scotland is on a journey and the path ahead is a bright one. Now is a time for Scotland to keep moving forward."¹ The Scottish National Party (SNP), the regionalist party of Scotland in the United Kingdom, is a centre-left, social-democratic party. This paper firstly provides short paragraph on the history and character of the party, followed by an analysis of the party's program. It then comments on how the party approaches new challenges and tries to find answers to current problems, such as climate change, the economic crisis and Scottish home rule. Finally, the relationship of the SNP and the European Union (EU) is examined.

SNP Gordon Wilson 2009

Story of the Scottish Parliament Hassan Gerry Hassan 2019-07-01 Marking the first twenty years of the Scottish Parliament, this collection of essays assesses its impact on Scotland, the UK and Europe, and compares progress against pre-devolution hopes and expectations. Bringing together the voices of ministers and advisers, leading political scientists and historians, commentators, journalists and former civil servants, it builds an authoritative account of what the Scottish Parliament has made of devolution and an essential guide to the powers Holyrood may need for Scotland to flourish in an increasingly uncertain world.

A short history of the SNP Scottish National Party. Research Dept 1993

Dominion C. J. Sansom 2014-01-28 C.J. Sansom rewrites history in a thrilling novel that dares to imagine Britain under the thumb of Nazi Germany. 1952. Twelve years have passed since Churchill lost to the appeasers and Britain surrendered to Nazi Germany. The global economy strains against the weight of the long German war against Russia still raging in the east. The British people find themselves under increasingly authoritarian rule -- the press, radio, and television tightly controlled, the British Jews facing ever greater constraints. But Churchill's Resistance soldiers on. As defiance grows, whispers circulate of a secret that could forever alter the balance of the global struggle. The keeper of that secret? Scientist Frank Muncaster, who languishes in a Birmingham mental hospital. Civil Servant David Fitzgerald, a spy for the Resistance and University friend of Frank's, is given the mission to rescue Frank and get him out of the country. Hard on his heels is Gestapo agent Gunther Hoth, a brilliant, implacable hunter of men, who soon has Frank and David's innocent wife, Sarah, directly in his sights. C.J. Sansom's literary thriller *Winter in Madrid* earned Sansom comparisons to Graham Greene, Sebastian Faulks, and Ernest Hemingway. Now, in his first alternative history epic, Sansom doesn't just recreate the past -- he reinvents it. In a spellbinding tale of suspense, oppression and poignant love, *Dominion* dares to explore how, in moments of crisis, history can turn on the decisions of a few brave men and women -- the secrets they choose to keep and the bonds they share.

Independence or Union T. M. Devine 2016-03-03 There can be no relationship in Europe's history more creative, significant, vexed and uneasy than that between Scotland and England. From the Middle Ages onwards the island of Britain has been shaped by the unique dynamic between Edinburgh and London, exchanging inhabitants, monarchs, money and ideas, sometimes in a spirit of friendship and at others in a spirit of murderous dislike. Tom Devine's seminal new book explores this extraordinary history in all its ambiguity, from the seventeenth century to the present. When not undermining each other with invading armies, both Scotland and England have broadly benefitted from each other's presence - indeed for long periods of time nobody questioned the union which joined them. But as Devine makes clear, it has for the most part been a relationship based on consent, not force, on mutual advantage, rather than antagonism - and it has always held the possibility of a political parting of the ways. With the United Kingdom under a level of scrutiny unmatched since the eighteenth century *Independence or Union* is the essential guide.

SNP Peter Lynch 2002 The Scottish National Party arrived dramatically in British politics in the 1970s. Now, with devolution, it has emerged as the main opposition party in the Scottish Parliament. *SNP: The Scottish National Party* explores the party's fortunes from its formation in the 1930s to its performance in the new Parliament. Peter Lynch traces the course of modern Scottish Nationalism, the personalities and the politics that have brought the SNP to this

pivotal point in history. Through a range of documentary sources and interviews he provides the inside story of the party's campaign for independence. The book also examines the SNP's electoral prospects in the 2003 Scottish election as the party seeks sufficient support to launch an independence referendum. This book is a timely history of the party that has been the driving force behind constitutional change in Scotland.

Understanding Scotland David McCrone 2002-11-01 First published in 1992. Routledge is an imprint of Taylor & Francis, an informa company.

Scotland as We Know It Richard Zumkhalwa-Cook 2008-10-15 "Popular representations of Scottish national, ethnic, and cultural identity are in abundance not only in Scotland, but also in the United States, Canada, and throughout the Anglophone settler nations of the world. Scotland, then, in its cultural presence

Road to Home Rule Harvie Christopher Harvie 2019-07-30 When the Scottish Parliament sat in Edinburgh for the first time in nearly three hundred years it was the climax of Europe's most peaceable and legalistic national movement. But dull it wasn't. In war and peace, from Empire to Europe, through the rise and fall of industry, the cause of self-government has been endlessly reinvented and remodelled, sometimes surviving more as a poetic fashion rather than as a political campaign. But it got there in the end. The Road To Home Rule documents not just the demonstrations, the party politics and international upheavals which swept the Scottish cause along - and all too frequently adrift - during the twentieth century, but also shows how it swam in the tides of social change and cultural inspiration. From Keir Hardie's and William Gladstone's promises to Tony Blair's and Donald Dewar's delivery, via a route populated by the larger-than-life characters and ideas of Hugh MacDiarmid, Winnie Ewing, Michael Forsyth, round the milestones and millstones of Conventions, Covenants, Wee Magic Stanes and Bravehearts - all Scottish life is there. With a core essay by the historian Christopher Harvie and the political correspondent Peter Jones, the book's 100 illustrations cast a cool eye on the grandeurs and miseries encountered on the long way to Holyrood. Key Features: *Highly illustrated with 150 black and white photographs, cartoons and other images* Substantial captions to place the images in context *Written by two 'names': Chris Harvie is a well-known Scottish historian and Peter Jones is a well-regarded journalist* A fascinating and entertaining story of the road to home rule

Scottish Nationalism Richard Finlay 2022-04-07 For more than a decade now, the issue of Scottish independence has been one of the key features in British politics and has raised questions as to the likely survival of the United Kingdom in the post Brexit era. In Scotland, the SNP has been in government since 2007 and has established a political hegemony that makes it the most successful political party in terms of electoral politics in Europe. Yet, the political philosophy of this movement has not been studied in any great depth and a number of basic questions remain unanswered, such as why is the movement non-violent and constitutional? Why does it believe that Scotland as a nation should exercise its right to self-determination and how does it square a largely outward-looking and cosmopolitan vision of society with nationalism? This book answers these important questions. By examining the evolution of nationalist ideas on Scottish history, its relationship to the philosophy of nationalism, as well as how the Treaty of Union between Scotland and England created an unusual legal and constitutional framework, this book offers new insights into Scottish history and Scotland's place within the Union and relates it to wider international and imperial British history.

The Scottish Independence Referendum Aileen McHarg 2016 The September 2014 Scottish independence referendum was an event of profound constitutional and political significance, not only for Scotland, but for the UK as a whole. Although Scottish voters chose to remain in the UK, the experience of the referendum and the subsequent political reaction to the 'No' vote that triggered significant reforms to the devolution settlement have fundamentally altered Scotland's position within the Union. The extraordinary success of the Scottish National Party at the 2015 General Election also indicates that the territorial dimension to UK constitutional politics is more prominent than ever, destabilising key assumptions about the location and exercise of constitutional authority within the UK. The political and constitutional implications of the referendum are still unfolding, and it is by no means certain that the Union will survive. Providing a systematic and academic analysis of the referendum and its aftermath, this interdisciplinary edited collection brings together public lawyers, political scientists, economists, and historians in an effort to look both backwards to, and forwards from, the referendum. The chapters evaluate the historical events leading up to the referendum, the referendum process, and the key issues arising from the referendum debate. They also explore the implications of the referendum both for the future governance of Scotland and for the UK's territorial constitution, drawing on comparative experience in order to understand how the constitution may evolve, and how the independence debate may play out in future.

Nicola Sturgeon 40 Success Secrets - 40 Most Asked Questions on Nicola Sturgeon - What You Need to Know Kenneth Walker 2014-10-15 Important Nicola Sturgeon news! There has never been a Nicola Sturgeon Guide like this. It contains 40 answers, much more than you can imagine; comprehensive answers and extensive details and references, with insights that have never before been offered in print. Get the information you need--fast! This all-embracing guide offers a thorough view of key knowledge and detailed insight. This Guide introduces what you want to know about Nicola Sturgeon. A quick look inside of some of the subjects covered: Joan Sturgeon, Scottish independence referendum, 2014 - Intelligence, Jimmy Reid - Leaving labour for the SNP, Irvine, North Ayrshire, George Galloway - Scotland and the UK, University of Glasgow - Notable alumni and staff, Cabinet Secretary for Health and Wellbeing, List of Scots - Rulers and Politicians, Scottish Socialist Party - Abolition of prescription charges, Shona Robison - Early life and career, Nicola Sturgeon - Early life, Humza Yousaf - Early life, Gordon Jackson (politician) - Political career, Kenny MacAskill - Member of the Scottish Parliament (1999 -), Aileen Campbell - Early life, Scottish National Party leadership election, 2014, Scottish independence referendum, 2014 - Debates, Cabinet Secretary for Infrastructure, Investment and Cities - Office holders, Scottish Politician of the Year Award - Main award: Scottish Politician of the Year, Edinburgh Agreement (2012), Deputy First Minister of Scotland, Scottish National Party - Leaders of the parliamentary party, Scottish Parliament, Scottish National Party - Deputy Leaders of the Scottish National Party, Sustainable development in Scotland - Transport, Nicola Sturgeon - Depute Leader, Glasgow University Scottish Nationalist Association - History, Ailsa McKay - Death and legacy, Scottish independence referendum, 2014 - Welfare, and much more...

Should Auld Acquaintance Be Forgot John Lloyd 2020-03-24 The Scottish nationalists seek to end the United Kingdom after 300 years of a successful union. Their drive for an independent Scotland is now nearer to success than it has ever been. Success would mean a diminished Britain and a perilously insecure Scotland. The nationalists have represented the three centuries of union with England as a malign and damaging association for Scotland. The

European Union is held out as an alternative and a safeguard for Scotland's future. But the siren call of secession would lure Scotland into a state of radical instability, disrupting ties of work, commerce and kinship and impoverishing the economy. All this with no guarantee of growth in an EU now struggling with a downturn in most of its states and the increasing disaffection of many of its members. In this incisive and controversial book, journalist John Lloyd cuts through the rhetoric to show that the economic plans of the Scottish National Party are deeply unrealistic; the loss of a subsidy of as much as £10 billion a year from the Treasury would mean large-scale cuts, much deeper than those effected by Westminster; the broadly equal provision of health, social services, education and pensions across the UK would cease, leaving Scotland with the need to recreate many of these systems on its own; and the claim that Scotland would join the most successful of the world's small states - as Denmark, New Zealand and Norway - is no more than an aspiration with little prospect of success. The alternative to independence is clear: a strong devolution settlement and a joint reform of the British union to modernise the UK's age-old structures, reduce the centralisation of power and boost the ability of all Britain's nations and regions to support and unleash their creative and productive potential. Scotland has remained a nation in union with three other nations - England, Northern Ireland and Wales. It will continue as one, more securely in a familiar companionship.

"Scotland's Future in Scotland's Hands" Elizabeth D. Reams 2017 The 2014 Scottish independence referendum was a benchmark moment in the history of Scottish nationalism, resulting directly from the Scottish National Party's landslide victory in the 2011 Scottish parliamentary elections and indirectly from the gradual growth of the Scottish nationalist movement. Scottish nationalism is rooted in grievances against the British state, particularly the democratic deficit surrounding Scottish representation in the British government, as well as the survival of the distinct Scottish identity, perpetuated since the 1707 Act of Union through the legacy of Scotland's unique civic institutions. Scottish collective memory has cemented national grievances in Scottish society and serves as a tool for nationalists to mobilize popular support, as happened during the 2014 referendum campaign. In their official campaign rhetoric, the SNP utilized collective memory of national grievances, especially that of the democratic deficit, to justify independence as the only course of action to ensure Scotland's prosperity. In this paper, I present an overview of the historical development of Scottish nationalism and the independence movement from the 1707 Act of Union to the 2014 referendum. I then outline the ideological foundations of Scottish nationalism--grievance, collective memory, and institutional legacy--reviewing the scholarship and theories supporting these mechanisms and analyzing how they interact to shape the Scottish national movement. I then review the scholarship surrounding identity and nationalism in political discourse generally and in Scotland, as well as of other scholarship focusing on the 2014 referendum as an expression of Scottish nationalism. I then analyze the SNP's campaign rhetoric--specifically the SNP government's independence manifesto and speeches made by First Minister Alex Salmond and Deputy First Minister Nicola Sturgeon for the Yes Scotland campaign--focusing on how the SNP constructed Scottish national identity and, most important, how they justified Scottish independence. I then investigate how the SNP's rhetoric affected popular mobilization leading up to the referendum, before offering concluding thoughts on the likelihood of a second independence referendum.

A Short History of the Scottish National Party Scottish National Party. Research Department
1993

The Flag in the Wind John MacCormick 2013-07-12 Born in Glasgow in 1904, Dr John MacCormick studied law at Glasgow University and was one of the chief founding members of the National Party of Scotland in 1928 and, with the merger of the NPS and the Scottish Party, of the Scottish National Party in 1934. In 1942, he left the SNP and was instrumental in the forming the Scottish Convention which went on to produce the Scottish Covenant in 1949, upon which nearly two million signatures of support for a Scottish parliament were obtained. After a high-profile trip to the US and Canada to present Scotland's case for Home Rule he was voted Lord Rector at Glasgow University. During his stint in this position he became involved in the plot to steal the Stone of Destiny from Westminster Abbey before going on to publish "The Flag in the Wind" in 1955. With a new introduction by the author's son, this updated edition of John MacCormick's seminal work examines the early years of the twentieth-century Nationalist movement in Scotland, providing an invaluable insight into people and events that help create and then shape the SNP and its campaign to secure a devolved Scottish Assembly.

Scotland Murray Stewart Leith 2020-04-07 Scotland's future in the Union is in question. Since Devolution in 1997, there has been a sea-change in Scotland's sense of itself. A distinct Scottish political culture has emerged: confident, assertive and increasingly divergent from that of its southern neighbours. Yet, as this timely and perceptive book shows, Scottish nationalism has been on the rise since the Second World War. Today, the Scottish National Party are in the ascendant, winning nearly half of all votes cast in the 2019 General Election and most of the seats. The Scottish Parliament has been a legislative trail-blazer, enacting progressive legislation well before England and Wales. And Scotland voted overwhelmingly to remain in the European Union, putting it at odds with much of the rest of the United Kingdom on the most important political decision this century. The country has transformed from the socially and politically conservative climate of the post-war period to a nation contemplating, for the second time, a move to independence - for all the uncertainty and turmoil that would bring. At a time when the country's future has topped the agenda in Britain and abroad, this book unpicks the complex weave of Scottish politics, society and culture, providing an essential insight into Scotland's present - and its future.

Scottish Nationalism and the Idea of Europe Atsuko Ichijo 2004-08-02 'Independence in Europe', adopted by the Scottish National Party (SNP) as its core policy in 1988, has become part and parcel of contemporary Scottish nationalism. But is this not a contradiction in terms? Nationalistic logic dictates that one cannot demand independence while accepting the constraints that come with membership of the European Union. This book takes up that question and explores the conditions that have emerged and become integrated with Scottish society today. *Scottish Nationalism and the Idea of Europe* offers fresh insights into the 'pro-European' dimension of Scottish nationalism and its implications for the UK. The book also argues for the necessity of examining the uses of history in seeking to understand the 'new' nationalisms of contemporary Europe.

Scottish Independence Movement Source Wikipedia 2013-09 Please note that the content of this book primarily consists of articles available from Wikipedia or other free sources online. Pages: 59. Chapters: Republicanism in Scotland, Scottish National Party, Scottish nationalist parties, Scottish nationalists, Sean Connery, Declaration of Arbroath, Patrick Abercromby, Scottish independence, William Speirs Bruce, Referendum Bill, 2010, History of the Scottish National Party, Scottish Socialist Party, John Maclean, David R. Ross, It's Scotland's oil, The

Proclaimers, 79 Group, A Constitution for a Free Scotland, Moray by-election, 2006, Declaration of Calton Hill, National Conversation, Wendy Wood, Scottish National Liberation Army, Scots Wha Hae, Siol nan Gaidheal, Free Scotland Party, Scottish Republican Socialist Party, Young Scots for Independence, Scottish Labour Party, Federation of Student Nationalists, Scottish Jacobite Party, Adam Busby, Glasgow Govan by-election, 1988, Glasgow University Scottish Nationalist Association, Henry Cunison Rankin, Communist Party of Scotland, Radio Free Scotland, Joan McAlpine, Am Buidheann Dubh, George Campbell Hay, Ewen Bain, Orkney and Shetland Movement, Scottish Workers Republican Party, Campaign for a Scottish Assembly, Scottish Party, 55 Group, Scottish Enterprise Party, Campaign for Nationalism in Scotland, Scots National League, Labour Party of Scotland, SNP gradualist, The Scots Independent, SNP fundamentalist, Scottish republicanism, SNP Trade Union Group, Choosing Scotland's Future, Scottish Democratic Alliance.

The Modern SNP Gerry Hassan 2009 The Scottish National Party has played a significant role in the politics of Scotland in the last forty years. In particular it has contributed to and shaped the impact and dynamics of devolution. This collection brings together academics, writers, commentators and analysts of Scottish politics to address the nature of the SNP: its position in Scotland, its influence on devolution, its role as a minority administration and its relationship with other institutions in Scotland, the UK and Europe."

The Case for Scottish Independence Ben Jackson 2020-07-09 Traces the development of the ideology of modern Scottish nationalism from the 1960s to the independence referendum in 2014.

Claiming Scotland Hearn Jonathan Hearn 2019-07-30 In September of 1997 Scots voted overwhelmingly for the establishment of a modern democratic parliament - their first parliament in almost three hundred years. How did this remarkable constitutional change come about? Jonathan Hearn explores this question by examining how claims for greater political autonomy in Scotland today draw on deeper cultural traditions of political thought and action. Scotland's civic nationalism voices a moral critique of neoliberalism and a communitarian defence of the idea of the welfare state, grounding these in Scottish culture and identity. By placing this movement and its language in their institutional, historical and cultural contexts, this powerful book challenges the conventional distinctions between liberalism and nationalism, and between civic and ethnic forms of nationalism, by arguing for a more nuanced way of thinking about processes of culture, identity and politics. Key Features*An anthropological perspective on Scottish nationalism*An ethnographic, highly readable presentation of the subject*A synthetic treatment of nationalism and liberalism*An in-depth critique of the ethnic/civic dichotomy in nationalism studies

THE LION AND THE SALTIRE A Brief History of the Scottish National Party Girvan McKay 2015-08-24 For most of the time that the Scottish National Party (SNP) has existed, public attitudes towards it have ranged from indifference to hostility or bafflement. Until fairly recently it was hardly taken seriously as a political grouping and was largely igno

The Illusion of Freedom Tom Gallagher 2010 Alex Salmond, a talented politician in charge of Scotland's, devolved government since 2007, is mounting the biggest challenge to the British union state in its 300-year history. His fast-growing Scottish National Party wants Scotland to cease being the invisible country of Europe and to embrace independence. This

book argues that if the Union is demolished, change will remain elusive and Scotland will continue to be run by the close-knit administrative, commercial and religious elites who have dominated the country for centuries, Tom Gallagher contends that the SNP remains fixated by resentment towards England and has no strategy for reviving a struggling economy and the deep-seated social problems which disfigure urban Scotland. He argues that the SNP are not committed to independence, that the SNP is a super-unionist party, that it recoils from popular sovereignty and is an enthusiastic backer of the EU's plans for a post-national Europe based on federalist rule from Brussels, and that it endorses a radical multi-culturalism that devalues individual citizenship and places Scotland at the mercy of globalization. Gallagher's hard-hitting analysis will stir emotions and generate debate, especially his claim that if the SNP triumphs it will reinforce the authoritarian trends which have disfigured Scottish history and contributed to heavy emigration. He passionately believes that moral and practical energies need to be released if Scotland is to renew itself, but fears that as long as the country is seen in romantic and propagandistic terms, this overdue transformation will be stillborn.

The Labour Party in Scotland Graham Walker 2016-04-28 This book makes a timely contribution to our understanding of the dramatic political changes that have recently affected Scotland and thrown into doubt the country's future position within the United Kingdom. Its focus is on the Labour Party and the loss of its traditional electoral support base. This theme is related to religion and its relevance to Scotland's identity politics. The author examines how Labour was able to appeal across the ethno-religious divide in Scotland for many decades, before considering the impact of the new political context of devolution in the 21st century and the greater scrutiny given to the question of sectarianism in Scottish life. Walker demonstrates the role played by the sectarianism controversy in Labour's loss of political control and its eclipse by the Scottish National Party (SNP). This book is also the first to assess the significance of the Irish dimension in Scotland's political development, in particular the impact of the conflict in nearby Northern Ireland. It will appeal to students and scholars of Scottish and Irish politics, political science and political/electoral history, as well as the interested wider reader.

SNP Peter A. Lynch 2013

Scottish National Party (SNP) Leaders James Mitchell 2016-09-15 By any measure, the story of the Scottish National Party is an extraordinary one. Forced to endure decades of electoral irrelevance since its creation in the 1930s, during which it often found itself grappling with internal debate on strategy, and rebellion from within its own ranks, the SNP virtually swept the board in the 2015 general election, winning all but three of Scotland's fifty-nine seats in Westminster. What's more, under the current leadership of Nicola Sturgeon, the SNP has never been a more important force in the landscape of British politics. The leaders who have stood at its helm during this tumultuous eighty-year history - from Sir Alexander MacEwen to Nicola Sturgeon and Alex Salmond - have steered the SNP vessel with varying degrees of success, but there is no doubt that all have contributed to the shape, purpose and ultimate goal of the party of government we see today. The latest addition to the acclaimed British Political Leaders series, *Scottish National Party Leaders* examines each of these senior figures for the first time, and is essential reading for anyone curious about how this former fringe party evolved into a political phenomenon, changing not only the face of Scottish politics, but British politics as well.

Scotland's Referendum and the Media Neil Blain 2016-02-12 After the Referendum on whether Scotland should become an independent country in September 2014 "e; and following a momentous mobilisation of voters by both the Yes and No campaigns "e; Scotland's political environment has been fundamentally energised. But how was the Referendum campaign reported and structured in the media in Scotland, the wider United Kingdom, and in other parts of the world, and was it a matter of 'construction' rather than 'representation'? In this book scholars, commentators and journalists from Britain, Europe and beyond examine how the media across the world presented the debate itself and the shifting nature of Scottish and British identity which that debate revealed. Several of the contributors also explore how the emphases and constructions which were put on the debate in their particular countries illuminated these countries' own responses to nationalism and separatism. The consequences of the Referendum's No result are traced in the media through until the May general election of 2015.

The Scottish Question James Mitchell 2014 Sets the Scottish independence referendum in context, exploring the questions of national identity, everyday public policy, structures of government and constitutional politics, drawing on a range of sources to illustrate why the Scottish Question can never be answered definitively.

The National Movement in Scotland Jack Brand 2021-10-13 Originally published in 1978, but now re-issued with a new Preface by James Mitchell, this volume traces the rise of the SNP, with special emphasis on explaining the increase of the National Party vote in Scotland from the early 1960s to the late 1970s. The book draws much of its information from interviews with members and ex-members of the SNP, including some who helped to found the party in 1928. In describing the movement and giving an account of its main features, the author begins with a discussion of various aspects of Scottish society which have contributed to the growth of nationalism. These include the political developments of the Labour movement, the economic history of 20th Century Scotland the development of youth culture and in particular, the interest in folk music, as well as developments in the Church, the army, and the press.

Scotland: A Concise History Magnus Linklater 2019-06-11 A highly readable account that disentangles the complex threads of the history of Scotland from its beginnings to the present. Bringing the story of Scotland up to date, this revised fifth edition of Fitzroy Maclean's classic work includes additional chapters by distinguished journalist Magnus Linklater. Linklater examines how the new Scottish parliament has fared and discusses significant events, such as devolution and the transfer of taxation rights from Westminster, the release of the Lockerbie bomber, and the fallout from the 2008 global financial crash. This edition also touches on the independence referendum, the future of the United Kingdom now that the Scottish National Party is in power, and Britain's impending exit from the European Union. Written with wit and scholarship, Scotland presents a highly readable account that disentangles the complex history of Scotland from its beginnings to the present. This book offers a rich record of Scotland's art, politics, intellectual life, and national identity.

Independent and Free Richard J. Finlay 2021-12-02 This is the first comprehensive account of the formation of the Scottish National Party, and it explains the peculiar circumstances in the inter-war era which gave rise to this phenomenon. The text fills a vacuum in one of the most under-researched periods of Scottish history, while its topicality is heightened and spread by contemporary interest in European nationalism. The book is essential reading for students

of Scottish history, British political history, politics and Scottish Studies from senior school level onwards. The introductory chapter examines in depth the role of the Scottish Home Rule Association in Scottish politics in the period after the First World War up to the time of its collapse and the formation of the Scottish National Party in 1928. Subsequent chapters comprise detailed accounts of the Scottish National League 1920–28, the National Party of Scotland 1928–33, the formation of the Scottish National Party, the ‘Wilderness Years’ 1933–39, and the impact of the SNP on Scottish political development during the Second World War. The role of nationalism in Scottish political development is assessed, and the author demonstrates how this period was crucial to the formation of modern Scottish nationalism, and how important this development has been in determining the response of Unionist politicians.